

GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL

JNAN CHANDRA GHOSH POLYTECHNIC



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Ref. No. JCG/551/2024-25

Date: 13-12-2024

<u>Subject:</u> Guidelines for the concerned examinees regarding forthcoming external examinations of theoretical subjects for the 3rd & 5th semester diploma students (Regular & Casual) in Engineering & Technology/MOPM/3DAG (Academic Session 2024-25)

In continuation of the Council's communication, referenced by Memo No. WBSCTVESD/TED/2023-24/3016 Date: 12.12.2024, this notice is issued to inform all concerned students that the following guidelines for the aforesaid examinations are placed hereunder for their convenience and necessary compliance:

Sl No.	Items	Guidelines for necessary compliance
01	Required Documents	All concerned students must carry the following documents: a) Admit Card, b) ID Proof (Aadhar Card/Voter ID/Pan Card)
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		The students will be allowed into the exam hall after properly verifying the Admit Card and ID card.
02	ID and Admit Card Display	Students must display their ID card and Admit Card on the top right-hand corner of the desk, so that an invigilator/observer can check them.
03	Prohibited Items	No student will be allowed to enter the examination hall if found possessing
		anything other than the Admit Card, ID card, non-programmable calculator,
		pen, pencil, and instrument box.
04	Entry Time	Students must enter the examination hall 30 (thirty) minutes before the
		commencement of the examination.
05	Late Entry/Exit	No student will be allowed to enter the examination hall after the
		commencement of the examination. Additionally, no student will be allowed
		to leave the examination hall during the examination for any reason without
		submitting the answer script.
06	Mobile Phones	Students with mobile phones are strictly prohibited from entering the
	Prohibition	examination centre. If a student is caught entering the examination centre with
		a mobile phone, the student's examination will be cancelled, and they may be
		debarred from future examinations, if applicable. Additionally, an FIR will be
		lodged against any student found with a mobile phone in the examination hall.
07	Unfair Means	All concerned students are advised to review the Public Examinations
		(Prevention of Unfair Means) Act, 2024 (attached herewith) to avoid engaging
		in any unfair practices during the examination.

We urge all students to adhere strictly to these guidelines to ensure the smooth conduct of the examination. Non-compliance will result in severe consequences, including disqualification from the examination.

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JCGP
Secretary, Academic Council
Inan Chandra Ghosh Polytechnic
Govt. of W. Bengal
7, Mayurbhanj Road, Kolkata-700 023

Copy forwarded for necessary information to:

- 1. All HODS, JCGP
- 2. Exam Cell
- 3. Office Copy

PRINCIPAL-IN-CHARGE
JCGP

Principal-in-Charge
Jaan Chandra Ghosh Polytechnic

Enclosed: Public Examinations (Prevention of Unfair Means) Act, 2024



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असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II — खण्ड 1

PART II — Section 1

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं॰ 1] नई दिल्ली, सोमवार, फरवरी 12, 2024/माघ 23, 1945 (शक) NEW DELHI, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 2024/MAGHA 23, 1945 (SAKA) No. 1]

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके। Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 12th February, 2024/Magha 23, 1945 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 12th February, 2024 and is hereby published for general information:—

THE PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS (PREVENTION OF UNFAIR MEANS) ACT, 2024

No. 1 of 2024

[12th February, 2024.]

commencement.

An Act to prevent unfair means in the public examinations and to provide for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Seventy-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

1. (1) This Act may be called the Public Examinations (Prevention of Unfair Means) Short title and Act, 2024.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

Definitions.

- 2. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
- (a) "candidate" means a person who has been granted permission by the public examination authority to appear in public examination and includes a person authorised to act as a scribe on his behalf in the public examination;
- (b) "communication device" shall have the same meaning assigned to it in clause (ha) of sub-section (I) of section 2 of the Information Technology Act, 2000;

21 of 2000.

- (c) "competent authority" shall mean the Ministry or a Department of the Central Government administratively concerned with the public examination authority;
- (d) "computer network", "computer resource" and "computer system" shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in clauses (j), (k) and (l) of sub-section (l) of section 2 of the Information Technology Act, 2000;

21 of 2000.

- (e) "conduct of public examination" shall include all the procedures, processes and activities, as may be prescribed, for being adopted for the conduct of public examination;
- (f) "institution" means any agency, organisation, body, association of persons, business entity, company, partnership or single proprietorship firm, by whatever name it may be called, which is other than the public examination authority and the service provider engaged by such authority.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, it is clarified that "company" includes a company as defined in clause (20) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013; or a limited liability partnership firm as defined in clause (n) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008;

18 of 2013. 7 of 2009.

- (g) "notification" means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the expression "notify" shall be construed accordingly;
- (h) "organised crime" means an unlawful activity committed by a person or a group of persons indulging in unfair means in collusion and conspiracy to pursue or promote a shared interest for wrongful gain in respect of a public examination;
- (i) "person associated with a service provider" means a person who performs services for or on behalf of such service provider irrespective of whether such person is an employee or an agent or a subsidiary of such service provider, as the case may be;
 - (j) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (k) "public examination" means any examination conducted by the public examination authority, as specified in the Schedule, or conducted by such other authority as may be notified by the Central Government;
- (*l*) "public examination authority" means an authority as specified by the Central Government by a notification, from time to time for conducting the public examinations;
- (m) "public examination centre" means such premises, which is selected by the service provider or otherwise selected by the public examination authority, to be used for conduct of public examination and which, amongst others, may include any school, computer centre, institution, any building or part thereof and the same shall include the entire periphery and land appurtenant thereto which may be used for security and other related reasons for conduct of the public examinations; and

- (n) "service provider" means any agency, organisation, body, association of persons, business entity, company, partnership or single proprietorship firm, including its associates, sub-contractors and provider of support of any computer resource or any material, by whatever name it may be called, which is engaged by the public examination authority for conduct of public examination.
- (2) Words and expressions used herein but not defined and defined under any other law for the time being in force, shall have the same meanings as assigned to them in those laws.

CHAPTER II

Unfair means and offences

- 3. The unfair means relating to the conduct of a public examination shall include any act or omission done or caused to be done by any person or group of persons or institutions, and include but not be restricted to, any of the following acts for monetary or wrongful gain—
 - (i) leakage of question paper or answer key or part thereof;
 - (ii) participating in collusion with others to effect leakage of question paper or answer key;
 - (iii) accessing or taking possession of question paper or an Optical Mark Recognition response sheet without authority;
 - (*iv*) providing solution to one or more questions by any unauthorised person during a public examination;
 - (ν) directly or indirectly assisting the candidate in any manner unauthorisedly in the public examination;
 - (vi) tampering with answer sheets including Optical Mark Recognition response sheets;
 - (vii) altering the assessment except to correct a bona fide error without any authority;
 - (viii) willful violation of norms or standards set up by the Central Government for conduct of a public examination on its own or through its agency;
 - (ix) tampering with any document necessary for short-listing of candidates or finalising the merit or rank of a candidate in a public examination;
 - (x) deliberate violation of security measures to facilitate unfair means in conduct of a public examination;
 - (xi) tampering with the computer network or a computer resource or a computer system;
 - (xii) manipulation in seating arrangements, allocation of dates and shifts for the candidates to facilitate adopting unfair means in examinations;
 - (xiii) threatening the life, liberty or wrongfully restraining persons associated with the public examination authority or the service provider or any authorised agency of the Government; or obstructing the conduct of a public examination;
 - (xiv) creation of fake website to cheat or for monetary gain; and
 - (xv) conduct of fake examination, issuance of fake admit cards or offer letters to cheat or for monetary gain.

Unfair means.

Conspiracy for unfair means.

Disruption to conduct public examination.

- 4. No person or group of persons or institutions shall collude or conspire to facilitate indulgence in any such unfair means.
- 5. (1) No person, who is not entrusted or engaged with the work pertaining to the public examination or conduct of public examination or who is not a candidate, shall enter the premises of the examination centre, with intent to disrupt the conduct of the public examination.
- (2) No person authorised, engaged or entrusted with the duties to conduct public examination shall, before the time fixed for opening and distribution of question papers—
 - (a) open, leak or possess or access or solve or seek assistance to solve such question paper or any portion or a copy thereof in unauthorised manner for monetary or wrongful gain;
 - (b) give any confidential information or promise to give such confidential information to any person, where such confidential information is related to or in reference to such question paper for monetary or wrongful gain.
- (3) No person, who is entrusted or engaged with any work pertaining to public examination shall, except where he is authorised in furtherance of his duties so to do, reveal or cause to be revealed or make known to any other person any information or part thereof which has come to his knowledge for any undue advantage or wrongful gain.
- 6. If any person or group of persons or institution commits any unfair means or offence under sections 3, 4 and section 5, the service provider shall forthwith report the offence to the concerned police authorities and also inform the public examination authority:

Provided that if the service provider resorts to unfair means and commits the offence or is involved in facilitating an offence, the public examination authority shall report the same to the concerned police authorities.

7. It shall be an offence for the service provider or any person associated with the service provider to cause any premises, other than the examination centre, authorised by the public examination authority, to be alternatively used for the purpose of holding public examination, without the written approval of the public examination authority:

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall be an offence where any change in the examination centre without prior consent of the public examination authority is due to any *force majeure*.

- **8**. (1) Any person, including the person associated with a service provider, shall be deemed to have committed an offence if he individually or in collusion with any other person or group of persons or institutions assists any person or group of persons or institutions in any manner unauthorisedly in the conduct of public examination.
- (2) Service provider or any person associated with it shall be deemed to have committed an offence if he fails to report incidence of any unfair means or commission of any offence.
- (3) Where an offence committed by a service provider is, *prima facie*, established during investigation to have been committed with the consent or connivance of any director, manager, secretary or other officer of such service provider, such person shall also be liable to be proceeded against:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment under the Act, if he proves, that the offence was committed without his knowledge and that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

Other offences.

No premises other than examination centre shall be used for public examination.

Offences in respect of service providers and other persons.

CHAPTER III

PUNISHMENT FOR OFFENCES

9. All offences under this Act, shall be cognizable, non-bailable and non-compoundable.

Cognizable offences

10. (1) Any person or persons resorting to unfair means and offences under this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term not less than three years but which may extend to five years and with fine up to ten lakh rupees. In case of default of payment of fine, an additional punishment of imprisonment shall be imposed, as per the provisions of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023:

Punishment for offences under this Act.

45 of 2023.

45 of 2023. 45 of 1860. Provided that until the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is brought into force, the provisions of the Indian Penal Code, shall be applicable in place of the said Act.

- (2) The service provider shall also be liable to be punished with imposition of a fine up to one crore rupees and proportionate cost of examination shall also be recovered from such service provider and he shall also be barred from being assigned with any responsibility for the conduct of any public examination for a period of four years.
- (3) Where it is established during the investigation that offence under this Act has been committed with the consent or connivance of any Director, Senior Management or the persons in-charge of the service provider firm, he shall be liable for imprisonment for a term not less than three years but which may extend to ten years and with fine of one crore rupees. In case of default of payment of fine, an additional punishment of imprisonment shall be imposed as per the provisions of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023:

45 of 2023.

45 of 2023. 45 of 1860.

45 of 2023. 45 of 2023.

45 of 1860.

Provided that until the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is brought into force, the provisions of the Indian Penal Code, shall be applicable in place of the said Act.

- (4) Nothing contained in this section shall render any such person liable to any punishment under the Act, if he proves, that the offence was committed without his knowledge and that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.
- 11. (1) If a person or a group of persons including the examination authority or service provider or any other institution commits an organised crime, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term not less than five years but which may extend to ten years and with fine which shall not be less than one crore rupees. In case of default of payment of fine, an additional punishment of imprisonment shall be imposed as per the provisions of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023:

Organised crimes.

Provided that until the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is brought into force, the provisions of the Indian Penal Code, shall be applicable in place of the said Act.

(2) If an institution is involved in committing an organised crime, its property shall be subjected to attachment and forfeiture and proportionate cost of examination shall also be recovered from it.

CHAPTER IV

INOUIRY AND INVESTIGATION

- **12**. (1) An officer not below the rank of Deputy Superintendent of Police or Assistant Commissioner of Police shall investigate any offence under this Act.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Central Government shall have the powers to refer the investigation to any Central Investigating Agency.

Officers empowered to investigate.

CHAPTER V

MISCELLANEOUS

Members, officers and employees of public examination authority to be public servants.

any public

servant.

13. The Chairperson, Members, officers and other employees of the public examination authority shall be deemed, when acting or purporting to act in pursuance of any of the provisions of this Act, to be public servants within the meaning of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023:

45 of 2023

Provided that until the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is brought into force, the provisions of the Indian Penal Code, shall be applicable in place of the said 45 of 1860.

Protection of action taken in good faith by

powers:

Act.

14. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings under this Act, shall lie against any public servant, in respect of anything which is done in good faith or intended to be done in the discharge of his official functions or in exercise of his

Provided that the public servants in the service of any public examination authority shall be subject to administrative action in terms of service rules of such public examination authority:

Provided further that nothing shall prevent proceeding against such public servants where, *prima facie* case exists for establishing commission of an offence under this Act.

Provisions of this Act to be in addition to other laws. 15. The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other law for the time being in force:

Provided that the provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force or any instrument having effect by virtue of any such law in force.

Power to make rules.

- **16**. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (a) to lay down procedures, processes and activities for being adopted for conduct of the public examination;
 - (b) any other matter which is to be or may be prescribed.

Laying of rules.

17. Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session, immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule, or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall, thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

Power to remove difficulties.

- 18. (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, by order, published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions within three years, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as appear to it to be necessary for removal of difficulty.
- (2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament.

CHAPTER VI

Amendment to the Criminal Law (amendment) Ordinance, 1944

19. In the Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944, in the Schedule, after serial number 5 and entries relating thereto, the following serial number and entries shall be inserted, namely:—

Amendment of Ordinance 38 of 1944.

"6. An offence punishable under the Public Examinations (Prevention of Unfair Means) Act, 2024.".

THE SCHEDULE

[See section 2(k)]

ANY EXAMINATION CONDUCTED BY—

- 1. Union Public Service Commission.
- 2. Staff Selection Commission.
- 3. Railway Recruitment Boards.
- 4. Institute of Banking Personnel Selection.
- 5. Ministries or Departments of the Central Government and their attached and subordinate offices for recruitment of staff.
- 6. National Testing Agency.
- 7. Such other authority as may be notified by the Central Government.

DR. RAJIV MANI, Secretary to the Govt. of India.